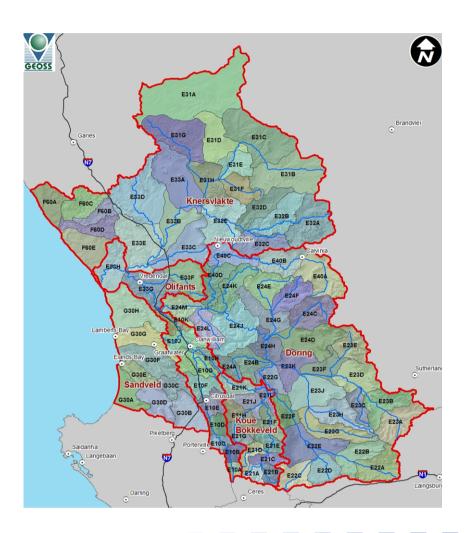
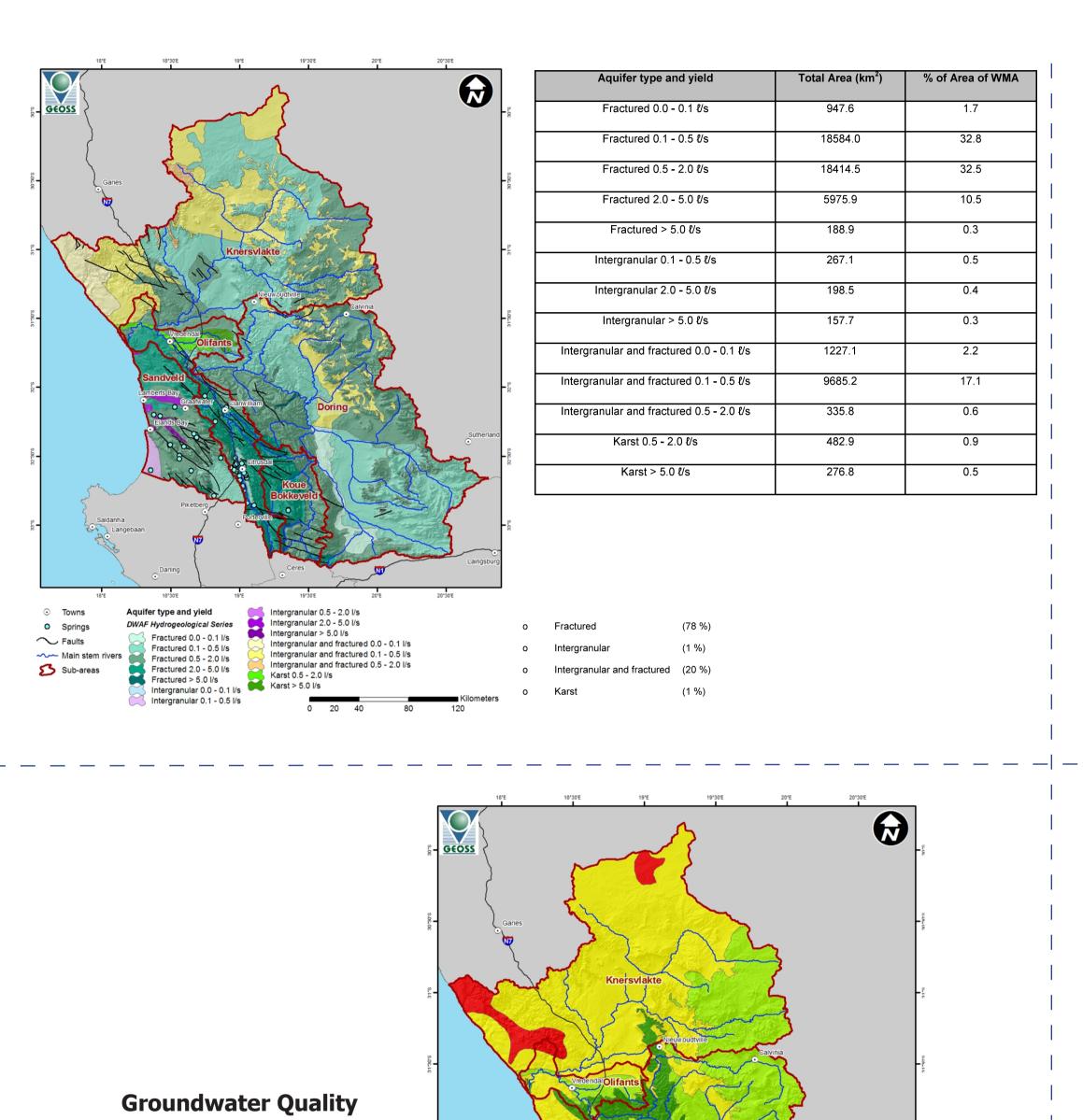
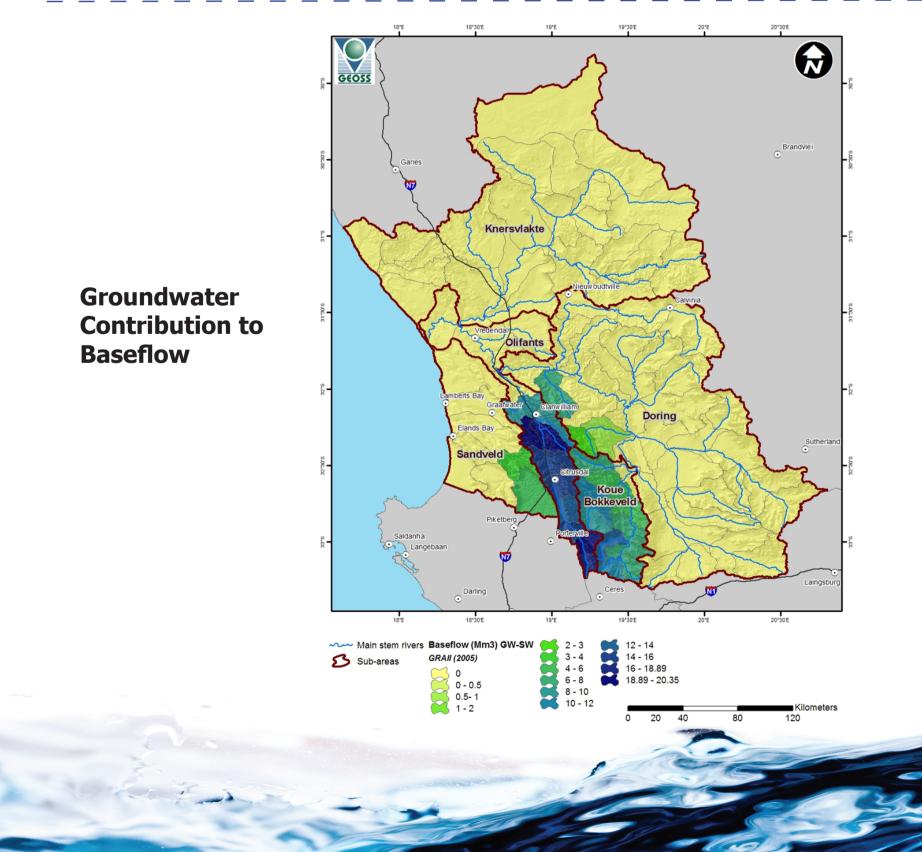
CLASSIFICATION - AQUIFERS IN THE OLIFANTS DOORN WMA

Management classes (I, II and III)

Class I	The configuration of water resources within a catchment
	results in an overall water resource condition that is
	minimally altered from its pre-development condition
Class II	The configuration of water resources within a catchment results in an overall water resource condition that is moderately altered from its pre-development condition
Class III	The configuration of water resources within a catchment results in an overall water resource condition that is significantly altered from its pre-development condition









water affairs Department:

Water Affairs **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**



Main stem rivers GW Electrical Conductivity (mS/m)

DWAF Hydrogeological Series 0 - 70 mS/m 70 - 300 mS/m 300 - 1 000 mS/m

> 1 000 mS/m

💋 Sub-areas

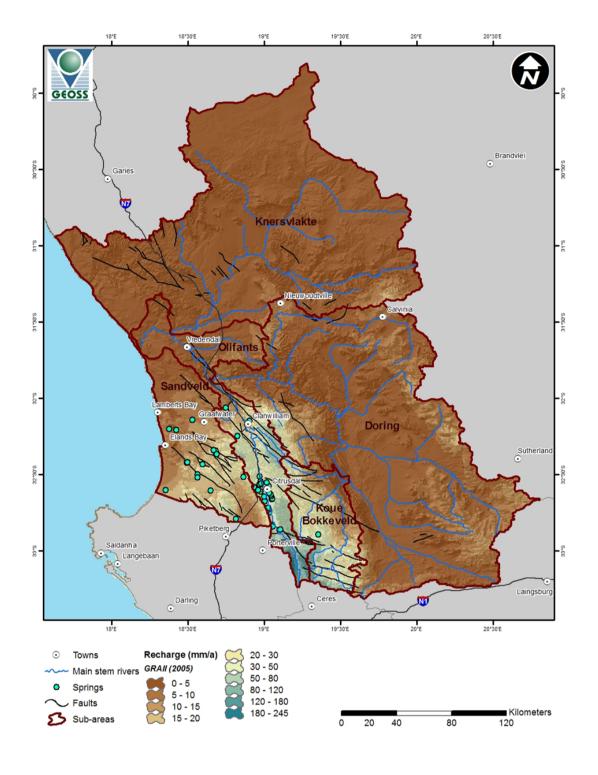


Aquifer Yield and Type

- Area (km2)

- Present Class
- Degree of utilisation
- Proposed Class •
- •

Recharge



Summary of groundwater information per quaternary catchment

• Unit (Quaternary catchment)

Groundwater recharge (Mm3/a)

GW Use (Mm3/a) per sector (i.e. domestic / agriculture / industrial etc)
Water Balance (Recharge – Use) (Mm3/a)

Groundwater Stress (abstraction/recharge)

• Aquifer type and yield and water quality (EC) (1:500 000 geohydrological maps). If there are more than one aquifer type per Q – then the detail is provided (in % area) i.e. fractured aquifer 0.1 – 0.5 l/s (95%) / intergranular aquifer 5 – 10 l/s (5%)

• Groundwater Reserve (Determined - Y/N and Signed Off – Y/N)

Is groundwater and surface water linked?